

RETREATING GERMANS LOST 6,000 PRISONERS IN FURIOUS BATTLE

Large Force of Kaiser's Troops Said to Have Been Defeated at Point 60 Miles Northeast of Paris and to Have Lost Fifteen Guns to the Allies.

ALLIES' LOSSES SEVERE BUT SMALL IN COMPARISON

Germans Said by Reports From Paris to be Demoralized, Are Retreating North of River Marne and West of the River Ourcq, Fifty British Cyclists Distinguish Themselves.

London, 10:21 a. m., Sept. 12.—Three tremendous struggles are waging along as many battle lines, and from none of them comes a report of a decisive victory. The mystery of the western operations is complicated by news from Berlin, which ignores General Van Kluck's efforts on the German right, while indicating that the German attack on Verdun is proceeding successfully.

The situation along the Russian borders is becoming as obscure as the western operations. Berlin reports that the victory of General Von Hindenburg will clear East Prussia of the Russians, but military experts at Petrograd declare it to be incredible that the Russians should give up their investment of Koenigsberg unless suffering a greater disaster than that reported.

In Russian Poland, the Russians still seem successful, while the operations against the Austrians alone, but are making less impression on the combined Austro-German armies on the river Vistula. A stand being made at Vistula caused many military experts at Petrograd to assert that German reinforcements from France are being sent to Galicia, instead of East Prussia, as first reported. This was done, in the opinion of these experts, because Germany feared an overwhelming disaster to the Austrian forces might lead the dual monarchy to conclude peace independently of Germany.

Both Belgium and France, it appears in London to-day, are optimistic enough to begin to consider reoccupying their capitals. Brussels is still in the hands of the Germans, but there are many signs that the forces of Emperor William are moving out of that section of the country.

A story of mysterious booming guns in the North sea has been revived, but is given no credence, inasmuch as the recent sweeping of the North sea by the British fleet did not disclose the presence of the German warships.

London, Sept. 12, 9:36 a. m.—A dispatch to The Daily News from Paris says that a motor car brings news from the front that the first and second divisions of the British army with French cavalry and artillery have cut off and defeated a large force of the enemy 60 miles northeast of Paris, taking 6,000 prisoners and 15 guns. The Germans are reported to be demoralized.

During the fight, 50 British cyclists from the cover of some small woods wiped out 150 of the enemy's cavalry. The allies' losses were severe, but were nothing in comparison with those of the enemy, who are now retreating north of the river Marne and west of the river Ourcq.

GERMAN RIGHT WING IS FALLING BACK

French Say That They and British Inflicted Heavy Losses on General Von Kluck's Army as It Retreated.

Paris, Sept. 12.—A review of the recent fighting east of Paris from the standpoint of the French war office is made in an official communication issued yesterday afternoon. The offensive movements of the allies are described as successful. The statement follows:

"As we already have announced, a battle has been taking place since September 6 over a front extending in a general way from Paris to Verdun.

"From the very outset of this action, the German right wing, the army commanded by General Von Kluck, which on September 6 had reached the district to the north of Provins, was obliged to fall back because of the danger of being enveloped. By its clever and rapid movements, this army was succeeding in escaping from the allies' grip and was throwing itself with the greater part of its force against our enveloping wing to the north of the Marne and the west of the Ourcq river. But the French troops, which were operating in this region, powerfully aided by the bravery of our British allies, inflicted considerable losses on the enemy and gained the time necessary to allow our offensive to press forward and at present on that side the enemy is in retreat toward Aisne and the Oise.

"He has thus fallen back more than 60 or 75 kilometers (37 to 46 miles) in four days. In the meantime, the Anglo-French forces which had been operating to the south of the Marne, have not ceased to pursue their offensive. Starting some of them from the district south of the for-

est of Grey and others from the region north of Provins and south of Esternay, they opened out from the Marne on the left, the army of General Von Kluck as well as the army of General Von Buelow falling back before our troops.

"It is in the region included between the plateau to the north of Soissons and Vitry-le-Francois that the most desperate fighting occurred. In this region there have been operating besides the left wing of the army of General Von Buelow, the army of Saxony and a part of the army commanded by the prince of Wuertemberg. The Germans have tried to break our center by repeated and violent attacks. Our success on the plateau to the north of Soissons enabled us in our turn to take the offensive and in the course of Thursday night the enemy stopped fighting on the front between the marsh of St. Gond and Sommesous district and fell back in the region west of Vitry-le-Francois.

"On the Ourcq river, as between the Argonne forest and the river Meuse, where the armies of the prince of Wuertemberg and the crown prince of Germany were operating, fighting was still going on with alternate advances and retreats, but without any great change in the situation.

"Thus the first phase of the battle of the Marne is turning out in favor of the allied armies, since the German right wing and center at present are in retreat.

"On our right the situation remains without notable change in the Vosges and around Nancy, which the Germans have tried to bombard with some long-range guns.

"The general situation has thus been completely transformed during the last two days, both from strategic and tactical points of view. Not only have our troops stopped the German march, which they thought was a victorious one, but

the enemy has fallen back before us at nearly every point."

"SUCCESSES INCREASE."

Says Official French Report Given Out in Paris.

Paris, Sept. 12.—The following official communication was issued here yesterday.

"First—On the left wing our successes increase. Our progress has continued. North of the river Marne and in the direction of Soissons and Compiègne the Germans have abandoned to us great quantities of ammunition, stores, some wounded and some prisoners. We have taken another flag. The British army has captured 11 guns and some important stores and has taken from 1,200 to 1,500 prisoners.

"Second—In the center, the enemy has given in right along on its front, between Soissons and the Reims. The Germans have not yet fallen back from L'Argonne. Notwithstanding the strain to which our troops had been subjected during the last five days of battle, they still find energy to pursue the enemy on its left wing.

"Lorraine and Vosges—There is no change in this territory.

"Austro-Russian center of operations: The Austrian army which was defeated at Lemberg has not been able to assume the offensive and in spite of heavy reinforcements it is being repulsed. On the front between Jalone and Rawa and the River Dniester the Russians are besieging the fortified town of Grodek. The second Austrian army has been attacked near Tomaszow and has been compelled to retreat.

"Austro-Serbian center of operations—The Serbian troops have crossed the river Save at Shabat and Obrenovatz. In Boston they have assumed the offensive in the direction of Visegrad."

BRITISH CRUISERS LEAVE U. S. COAST

They Had Been Lying Side by Side for Two Hours Southeast of Ambrose Channel Lightship.

New York, Sept. 12.—The Glory and the Suffolk, British warships, parted company last night after lying side by side for two hours yesterday eight miles southeast of Ambrose channel lightship. The Suffolk steamed southwestward and the Glory took an easterly direction.

The Glory was sighted off the coast yesterday morning. She halted the British steamship Bassam by signalling off Sandy Hook and allowed her to proceed into port. A few hours later the Suffolk was sighted.

GERMANS NEED FOOD.

Army in France Said to Be in Dire Straits for Lack of It.

London, Sept. 12, 3:13 a. m.—The Daily Chronicle's Ghent correspondent says:

"The German army is in dire straits for lack of food. Ghent has been unable to furnish the supply of food-stuffs demanded by the Germans, who are now pushing a column of from 40,000 to 60,000 men toward Courtrai in West Flanders."

"Evidently the Germans expect to find what they failed to get here in the region of Oudenarde, where the harvest has been exceptionally good."

MAKES MOVE FOR PEACE.

Pope Benedict Has Sent Delegates to See President Wilson.

Paris, Sept. 12, 2:00 a. m.—A despatch to the Havas agency from Rome says the Tribune states that the appeal of Pope Benedict for peace is preliminary to an encyclical to the bishops on the subject of peace and for the opening of an arbitration congress.

The Tribune adds that the apostolic delegate to Washington had been charged with a confidential mission to President Woodrow Wilson on the subject of arbitration.

DECORATED ON BATTLEFIELD.

Young French Officer Gained Marked Distinction.

Limoges, France, Sept. 12, via Bordeaux.—On a train loaded with wounded which passed here yesterday was a young French officer, Albert Palaphy, whose unusual bravery on the field of battle won for him the Legion of Honor.

As a simple corporal of the 10th Dragons, at the beginning of the war, Palaphy took part in the recent violent combat with the Germans. In the thick of the battle, finding his colonel wounded and helpless, he rushed to his aid. Palaphy hoisted the injured man upon his shoulders and under a rain of machine gun bullets carried the colonel safely to the French lines. That same day Palaphy was promoted to be a sergeant.

Shortly afterward, although wounded, he distinguished himself in another affair, leading a charge of his squad against the Baden guard whose standard he himself captured. Wounded by a ball which had ploughed through the lower part of his stomach and covered with lance thrusts he was removed from the battlefield during the night and learned that he had been promoted to be a sub-lieutenant and nominated chevaller in the Legion of Honor.

The incident of decorating a soldier on the battlefield recalls Napoleon's times.

TO RECOVER NATIONAL RIGHTS.

Is Turkey's Purpose, Explained Ambassador in Washington.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 12.—Arustem Bey, the Turkish ambassador, explained to Secretary Bryan yesterday that Turkey's abrogation of her conventions and capitulations granting special privileges to powers was a step taken merely to recover her national rights.

The ambassador pointed out that the effect of the action was not to terminate the treaties of 1830 and 1862 between the United States and Turkey, but to remove those extra territorial rights which the American government has enjoyed under a most favored nation clause.

State department officials studied the treaties and Turkish laws carefully yesterday, but it was not determined what the attitude of the United States would be.

The following statement was authorized last night by the ambassador several hours after he had talked with Secretary Bryan on the subject:

"In abrogating the capitulations, Turkey is simply recovering national rights belonging to a nation, some of which were granted by her in the middle ages in unwise moods of liberality; others wrested from her; others again came to be abandoned as a corollary of the abandonment of the former. The situation can be stated by saying that Turkey has decided to be mistress in her own house."

"Like any contract which in its tenor disregards the general principles of right, as, for instance, the contract stipulating the sale of one human being to another, the capitulations have no sanction in ethics and Turkey was free to dissolve them."

"She had tried to attain that end by negotiations, but the great powers of Europe subordinated their consent to such onerous conditions that taking advantage of the present stipulation Turkey decided to do away with the capitulations by an unilateral decision of her own."

"The United States enjoys some of the privileges of the capitulations by virtue of the most favored nation clause inserted in the treaty concluded with Turkey in 1830, that is, the United States became the beneficiary of the capitulations only incidentally."

"The statement that the American missionary institutions in Turkey are affected by the capitulation is inaccurate. These institutions exist in Turkey by virtue of general laws governing the empire."

PROUTY ACCEPTS NOMINATION.

Writes Vermont Prohibitionists of His Appreciation.

That Charles A. Prouty has accepted the nomination of the Prohibition party of Vermont as a candidate for United States senator to succeed Senator W. P. Dillingham was the announcement made to-day by Dr. E. W. Hanson of Montpelier, chairman of the Vermont state committee. The letter given out by Dr. Hanson is as follows:

"Newport, Vt., Sept. 1, 1914.

"Mr. H. E. Howard, Secretary, 'Prohibition party of Vermont, Montpelier, Vt.

"Dear Sir:—

"Yours of August 29, 1914, notifying me that I have been nominated by the Prohibition party as United States senator from Vermont, and asking whether I accept that nomination, has been received."

"As I have already said to the people of Vermont, I stand as a non-partisan candidate inviting the support of all persons who believe in progressive politics. With your efforts in the cause of prohibition I earnestly sympathize. I have long believed in and advocated most of the things, state and national, enumerated in the platform which you enclose, and I highly value the support of men who stand outspoken for those things."

"I therefore, accept the nomination of your party, assuring you of my appreciation of the honor which your unsolicited action has conferred."

"Respectfully,

(Signed) "C. A. Prouty."

WAS TWICE A PRISONER.

Major Carlos Wellington Carr Died at Brandon.

Brandon, Sept. 12.—Major Carlos Wellington Carr died at his home on Carver street yesterday morning, aged 76 years. Major Carr was a native of Rochester, but had resided in Brandon for many years, following the trade of a contractor and builder. He served throughout the Civil war and was a prisoner at both Andersonville and Libby prison. He was for many years a leading member of Ormsbee post, G. A. R., and also a member of St. Paul's lodge, F. and A. M.

Mr. Carr is survived by two children, Bernice H. Carr and Mrs. Lulu McIlroy, both of Brandon, and several grandchildren. His sister, Mrs. Sarah G. Campbell of Brandon, and a brother, Edward G. of Brandon. For several years there have been four generations of Mr. Carr's family residing under the same roof. The funeral will be held Sunday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock from his late home and the burial will be at Pine Tree cemetery under the direction of Ormsbee post.

POPULAR MAIL CARRIER.

Henry Dillingham of Waterbury Died Last Evening.

Waterbury, Sept. 12.—Henry Dillingham, who had been in poor health for some time but who had been about his house during the past ten days while he was off duty as rural mail carrier, died at nine o'clock last evening while sitting in a chair in his home.

Mr. Dillingham was born in this vicinity 57 years ago last November and had spent all his life hereabouts. He was married 33 years ago to Nellie Braham of West Berlin and they came at once to Waterbury to reside. She survives him; also two children, Mrs. Homer Sherman of Waterbury and Kezer Dillingham of East Montpelier, four grandchildren and two sisters, Mrs. Roy Edwards of New York state and Mrs. Genie Cross of Middlesex.

Mr. Dillingham was appointed a rural mail carrier when the service was instituted a little over twelve years ago and during the intervening years he had given faithful and efficient service, being also a popular member of the carrier force. He leaves a large circle of friends.

The funeral will be held from his late home Sunday afternoon at two o'clock.

CITY IS RUINED BY EARTHQUAKE

Caraveli in Peru Visited by Tremendous Earth Upheaval

NO FIGURES GIVEN ABOUT LOSS OF LIFE

But the People Are Reported to Be in a Panic

"STAR SPANGLER BANNER" CON- VENTION OPENED

Human Flag Formed by Several Thousand Children Was Feature at Baltimore To-day.

Baltimore, Md., Sept. 12.—The chief events of to-day's celebration of the Star Spangled Banner centennial took place at Fort McHenry. A replica of the flag, which was carried in the parade from the Washington monument to the fort, after which the dedication of the historic battle site was held.

A human flag, formed by several thousand children, singing "The Star Spangled Banner," was a feature. A carnival and fireworks are planned for this evening.

CAPTURED WITHOUT SHOT.

South Sea Island of Upolu in Hands of New Zealanders.

Honolulu, Sept. 12.—The Oceanic Steamship Co.'s liner Ventura, which arrived here yesterday gave new particulars of the occupation of the South sea island of Upolu on Aug. 29 by 1,500 New Zealand troops. The capture was effected without the firing of a shot.

Apia, the capital of German Samoa, is situated on Upolu.

Governor Schultz and 100 other government officials were made prisoners of war and taken and taken to the Fiji islands.

All government and private funds previously had been carried in safety to Pago Pago, American Samoa. Frederick Heintz, operator of the newly installed wireless station, refused an offer of \$10,000 to tell where he had hidden the apparatus. The station was dismantled upon declaration of the war.

At the last census the island of Upolu had a population of 19,842, of whom 310 were whites. Robert Louis Stevenson died and is buried there at Vaillima.

"BELGIANS HARASS GERMANS."

They Attack Reinforcements, Also the German Left.

London, Sept. 12.—Although the Germans have had to send some of their best troops back to Prussia to meet the Russian advance, it is not for a moment thought here that there will be any long pause in their efforts to beat the French. Crown Prince Frederick William, who has with him a portion of the prince of Wuertemberg's army, is still fighting, and all that the French report says of this battle is that there is no great change.

The Germans have brought up some since guns against Nancy, and here, as in the Vosges, it is reported there is no change.

VERMONT WOMAN SAFE.

Mrs. Loren B. Lord of Burlington Is at Dresden.

Washington, Sept. 12.—Dispatches to the state department yesterday reported the safety of many Americans in Europe including Mrs. Loren B. Lord of Burlington, Vt., at Dresden.

Navy Secretary Lauds Lake Hero.

Plattsburgh, N. Y., Sept. 12.—Declaring that in time of war a nation depends largely upon its young men, Secretary Daniels of the navy, speaking here yesterday afternoon at the centennial celebration of the victory of Commodore Thomas Macdonough on Lake Champlain, lauded the young naval officer, who was 31 at the time of the battle.

SPORTING NOTES.

The Cardinals are not in the least sorry now that they were forced to take Zinn Beck, their star third-sacker, whose services in the open market would range close to \$100,000. Beck was playing with Waco when scouts from Detroit and St. Louis looked him over. The Detroit scout was first on the scene and his offer of \$1,000 was accepted. Then along came the Card scout with \$1,200. The Waco owner accepted that offer also.

Making inquiries about Beck, a club-owner in Texas said he would not have him on his team. Then the scouts started to loosen their hold on the youngster and repudiate their purchase. The case went before the national commission. It ruled that the first offer was only verbal and that St. Louis should take the player. This was done with a great deal of grumbling. He is now Miller Huggins' most valuable infielder. He is also an excellent batter. Beck is 25 years.

ST. JOHNSBURY FAIR ENDS.

Three Lady Spectators Struck by Falling Balloon.

St. Johnsbury, Sept. 12.—The Caledonia county fair ended yesterday with a good attendance. The 2:34 pace furnished the keenest sport seen on the grounds in years, Daisy Queen winning in five heats. F. A. Stacey drove Betty Dean an exhibition mile in 2:16½. Harold Cates of Boston made a triple parachute drop, landing on the track, the balloon fell onto the board walk in front of the grandstand and three ladies were struck by it.

Mrs. Lela J. Powers, aged 66, was knocked down and rendered unconscious. She was taken to Brightlook hospital, where her injuries were found to be a bad scalp wound and bruises on the face. She will recover. Summary:

2:24 Class Pacing.

Purse, \$350.

Daisy Queen chm Cardinal Wilkes (Pinard) 5 2 1 1 1

Shaw bg Precepts (Collins) 1 1 2 3 3

Tom Longboat blk Chehalis (Hollbrook) 2 3 3 2 2

Goldie B. hm Ethan S. (Badger) 3 5 5 4 4

General Barth also started.

Time—2:18½, 2:19, 2:18½, 2:21½, 2:25½.

2:16 Class.

Purse, \$250.

Honesty bg Acful (Presby) 1 1 1

Alec Wilkes rg Roan Wilkes (Kittredge) 2 3 2

Lawton bg Norvall (O'Brien) 3 2 3

Elm Wilkes bg Red Elm (Booth) 4 1 4

Time—2:18½, 2:21½, 2:19½.

2:25 Class Trotting.

Purse, \$350.

Almont rg Early Bird (Lyons) 1 1 1

The Enchanted hm Idita (Flinders) 2 3 2

Vibration hm Almont (O'Brien) 3 2 3

Time—2:28, 2:29, 2:28.

MANY STARTERS AT RUTLAND.

Three Races Were Run Off on Last Day of the Fair.

Rutland, Sept. 12.—The last day of the Rutland fair brought the only pleasant weather of the meet, and 5,000 people attended. The receipts for the week equal expenses. There were three races yesterday. Summaries:

Free for All.

Purse—\$500.

Fred W. (Martin) 4 1 1 1

Billie Patten (O'Neil) 2 6 4 2

Edna B. (Mugridge) 1 2 5 3

Wyndra (Brown) 5 5 2 4

Greatest Line (Welch) 3 3 3 0

Gott Ett (Warren) 6 4 6 0

Time—2:14½, 2:13½, 2:13½, 2:16½, 2:25 Trot.

Purse—\$500.

Miss Mabel (Hanna) 1 1 1

Peter (Martin) 2 2 2

Peter Directum (Paeg) 4 3 3

Merna (Totten) 3 5 4

Wendell Wood (Spence) 5 4 6

Baby Ruth (Martel) 6 6 5

Time—2:18½, 2:17½, 2:19.

DOUBLE ANNIVERSARY.

Fifth Year of Pastorate and Tenth of Marriage.

Waterbury, Sept. 12.—The social affair at the Congregational church Thursday evening was a delightful affair in every way. The church was beautifully decorated in hydrangeas, asters and wild flowers. A large number attended, representative of all the churches, and received a kindly greeting from Rev. and Mrs. W. L. Boicourt, to whom all were indebted for a pleasant social time.

The decorations in the chapel and the serving of the refreshments were in charge of the ladies' union. Music during the evening was of high order. Organ solos were given by Miss Mary Lease, a Waterbury girl who has made herself proficient in musical lines and who returned yesterday to her work of teaching in Hebron seminary, Maine. Miss Lease's home friends are always glad of a chance to hear her and are very appreciative of her work. K. W. Gale of Barre, who came as trombone soloist, was much enjoyed and shows a thoroughly musical temperament, finding expression in this instrument.

Rev. and Mrs. Boicourt celebrated in this way not only the beginning of the fifth year of their pastorate here but the tenth anniversary of their marriage. They came here from Chittenden, Mass., and have proven themselves thoroughly successful leaders in all lines of church work. Mrs. Boicourt is a trained kindergarten and settlement worker and is especially good in her work with children and the music of the church. Under Mr. Boicourt's leadership, all lines of church work have been active and with the boy scouts his efficiency has been widely recognized. In all the activities of the town he is widely alert and it is hoped by the church and community that this may be the beginning of not only one, but many more successful years in Waterbury in the work for which they are both so admirably fitted.

NO CAPITAL STOCK

And Randolph Trotting Association Is for Philanthropic Purposes.

Articles of incorporation have been filed with the secretary of state by the Randolph Trotting association, organized for philanthropic purposes, with no capital stock. The incorporators are L. A. Russell, George W. Panton, John G. H. Wood, Charles E. Baker, W. N. Bryant, George J. Ford, G. C. Stevens, F. C. Angell, J. H. Wood and F. R. McGellan.

Gates Opened for Victory.

The Vermont Republican state convention opened the Gates for another victorious campaign and splendid administration of the gubernatorial office.

Concord Monitor.

CARVER, MARTIN, Cady

Republican Senatorial Nominees Chosen at the County Convention in Montpelier To-day—Nearly All the Delegates Were in Attendance

F. E. GLEASON FOR STATE'S ATTORNEY

Judge F. J. Martin of Barre Renominated for Judge of Probate and Frank H. Tracy of Montpelier for Sheriff—Other Business Soon Done

The Republican county convention for nominating candidates to be voted for at the coming general election was held at the city hall in Montpelier to-day, having been called to order at 10:45.

Earl R. Davis of Barre was temporary chairman of the convention and Benjamin Gates of Montpelier was temporary secretary, the organization later being made unanimous. The committee on resolutions was chosen as follows: Charles C. Graves of Waterbury, Dr. F. E. Steele of Montpelier and F. T. Parsons of Montpelier. Of the 120 delegates nearly all were present when the convention was called to order.

Rev. William Shaw of Montpelier offered prayer and the secretary read the call for the convention. On motion of Senator Harry Daniels of East Montpelier the rollcall was omitted and the convention proceeded to business.

J. Ward Carver of Barre, who retired state's attorney after two terms, was presented for senator by H. G. Woodruff of Barre and the nomination was made unanimous, the secretary being instructed to cast one ballot for the nominee.

Likewise the presentation of Heber C. Cady of Northfield was treated after the name had been presented by W. W. Holden of Northfield, Orlando L. Martin of Plainfield was nominated for third senator, his name having been presented by Fred Farnham of Plainfield. The nomination was unanimous also.

Judge Frank J. Martin of Barre was renominated for judge of probate, his name having been presented by E. L. Scott of Barre, and Sheriff Frank H. Tracy of Montpelier was nominated for his present office, having been named by F. T. Parsons of Montpelier.

Assistant Judge George H. Dale of Waterbury was nominated for assistant judge again, and Charles H. Dana of Woodbury was nominated for the companion position. The name of the former was presented by G. E. Moody of Waterbury and that of the latter by B. H. Daniels of Woodbury.

N. B. Ballard of Barre was nominated for high bailiff.

BUY ICE-BREAKING TUG.

Russians Apparently Intend to Keep Open Archangel Seaport.